#### GEE5303 Green and Intelligent Building

http://ibse.hk/GEE5303/



#### **Intelligent buildings**

Intervention</

Oct 2016

### Contents



- What is intelligent building (IB)?
- Intelligent and Smart
- Components of an IB
- IB @ Work
- IB @ Home



- Intelligent building (IB)
  - First coined in USA in early 1980s; its definition/model is changing/evolving
    - Automated buildings (1981-85)
    - Responsive buildings (1986-91)
    - Effective buildings (1992-)
    - Intelligent and green buildings (2000-)
  - Development of IB
    - Closely linked with computers and information technology (IT); high-tech related
      - But, IB  $\neq$  high-tech building



Automated buildings (1981-1985)

Building management Office automation Communication

Responsive buildings (1986-1991)

Building management Office automation Communication

Response to change



Effective buildings (1992-)

**Building management** 

Space management

Business management

An intelligent building is a collection of innovative technologies

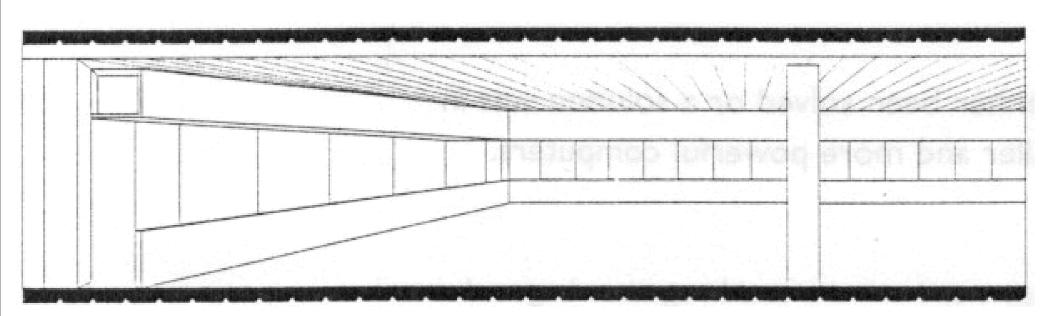
An intelligent building is a collection of technologies able to respond to organizational change over time

An intelligent building provides a responsive, effective and supportive environment within which the organization can achieve its business objectives. The intelligent building technologies are tool that help this to happen.

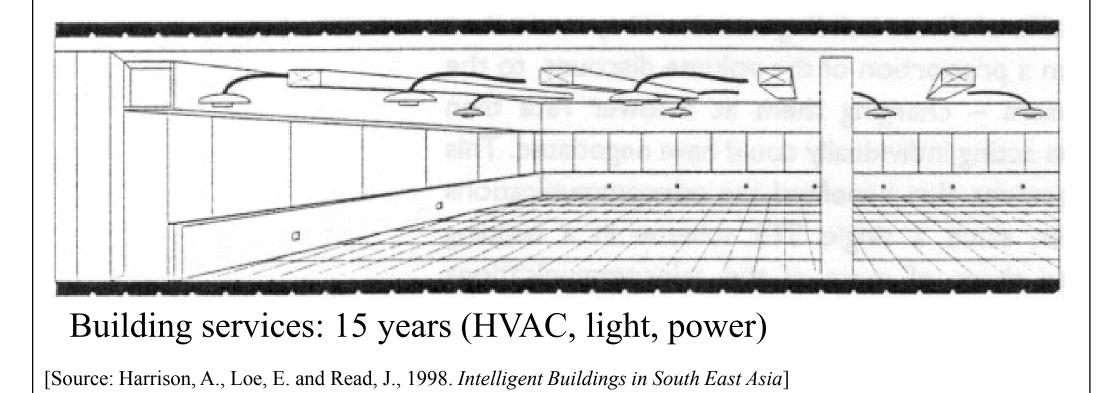
[Source: Harrison, A., Loe, E. and Read, J., 1998. Intelligent Buildings in South East Asia]

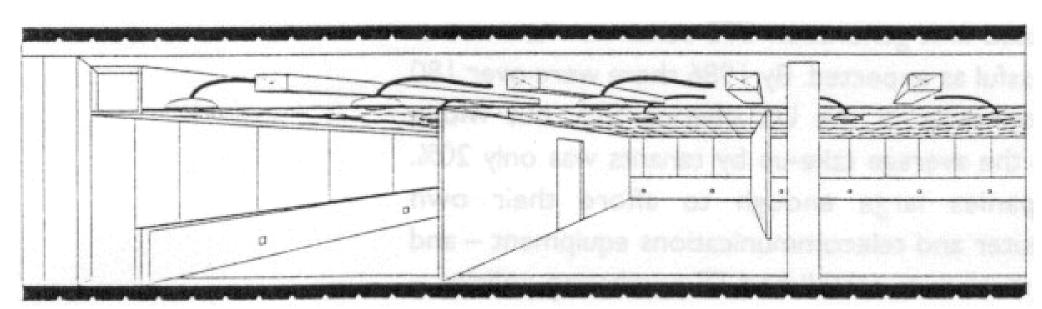
#### • IB in Europe study (early 1990s)

- IB "... provides a responsive, effective and supportive intelligent environment within which the organization can achieve its business objectives." -- DEGW (1992)
- Intelligent Buildings Institute (IBI) study:
  - Optimization of its four basic components structure, systems, services and management - and the interrelationships between them

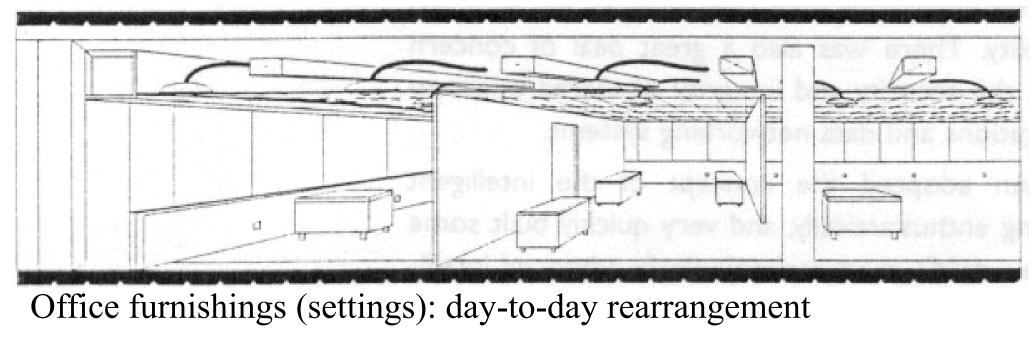


Building shell: 50-75 years (structure cladding)





Fitting-out elements (scenery): 5 years (fixed interior elements, ceiling, partitions, finishes, IT equipment)



[Source: Harrison, A., Loe, E. and Read, J., 1998. Intelligent Buildings in South East Asia]

#### • Late 1990s and 2000s

- IB definition: tilted towards energy efficiency and sustainability with the introduction of green building assessment methods (e.g. BREEAM and LEED)
- Increasing convergence of intelligence and sustainability: "Bright Green Buildings"
- Buildings that are both intelligent and green

(\*See also: Defining Today's Intelligent Building http://www.commscope.com/Blog/Defining-Todays-Intelligent-Building/)

#### • Current understanding of IB

- Address both intelligence and sustainability issues by utilising computer and intelligent technologies to achieve the optimal combinations of overall comfort level and energy consumption
- Intelligent buildings combine and leverage 5 key aspects of building management:
  - Enhanced financials, operational efficiency, occupant experience, energy conservation, sustainability

# Intelligent + Green

#### Energy Conservation

#### Enhanced Financials

Intelligent Building Operational Efficiency

#### Occupant Experience

#### Sustainability

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- Definition of IB by CABA (Continental Automated Buildings Association)
  - An Intelligent Building uses both technology and process to create a facility that is safer and more productive for its occupants and more operationally efficient for its owners
- Video: Intelligent buildings by CommScope
  (5:22) <u>http://youtu.be/lgzQ-1WabeE</u>



#### THE COMMONALITY OF SMART AND GREEN BUILDINGS

**GREEN BUILDINGS** 

Sustainable Sites

Water Efficiency

Energy and Atmosphere

Materials and Resources

Indoor Environmental Quality

Innovation and Design Process Optimize Energy Performance Additional Commissioning Measurement and Verification Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) Monitoring Controllability of Systems Permanent Monitoring Systems Innovation in Design VOIP Video Distribution A/V Systems Video Surveillance Access Control HVAC Control Power Management Programmable Lighting Control Facilities Management Cabling Infrastructure Wireless Systems

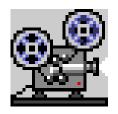
Data Network

# SMART BUILDINGS

[Source: http://www.smart-buildings.com/]

 Smart building technologies can improve buildings' energy efficiency and indoor environmental quality

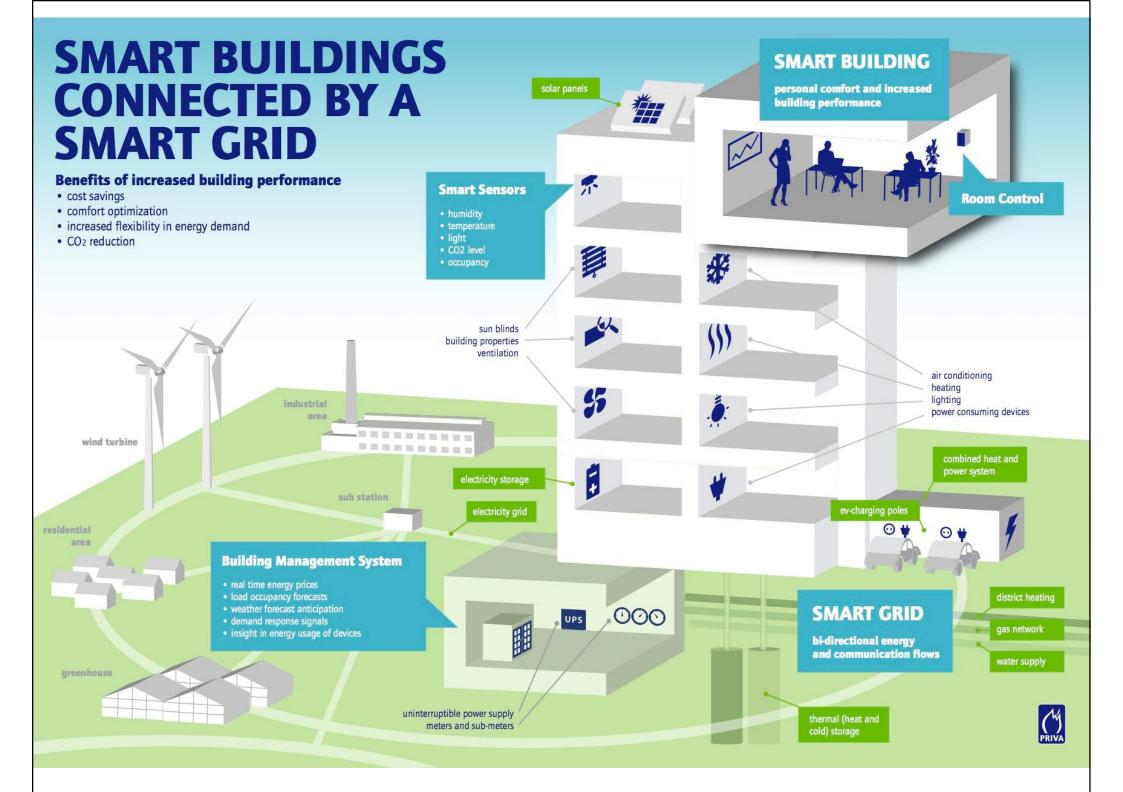
- Future outlook:
  - Video: Smart buildings the future of building technology (7:26) <u>http://youtu.be/gCuPx9shWT0</u>

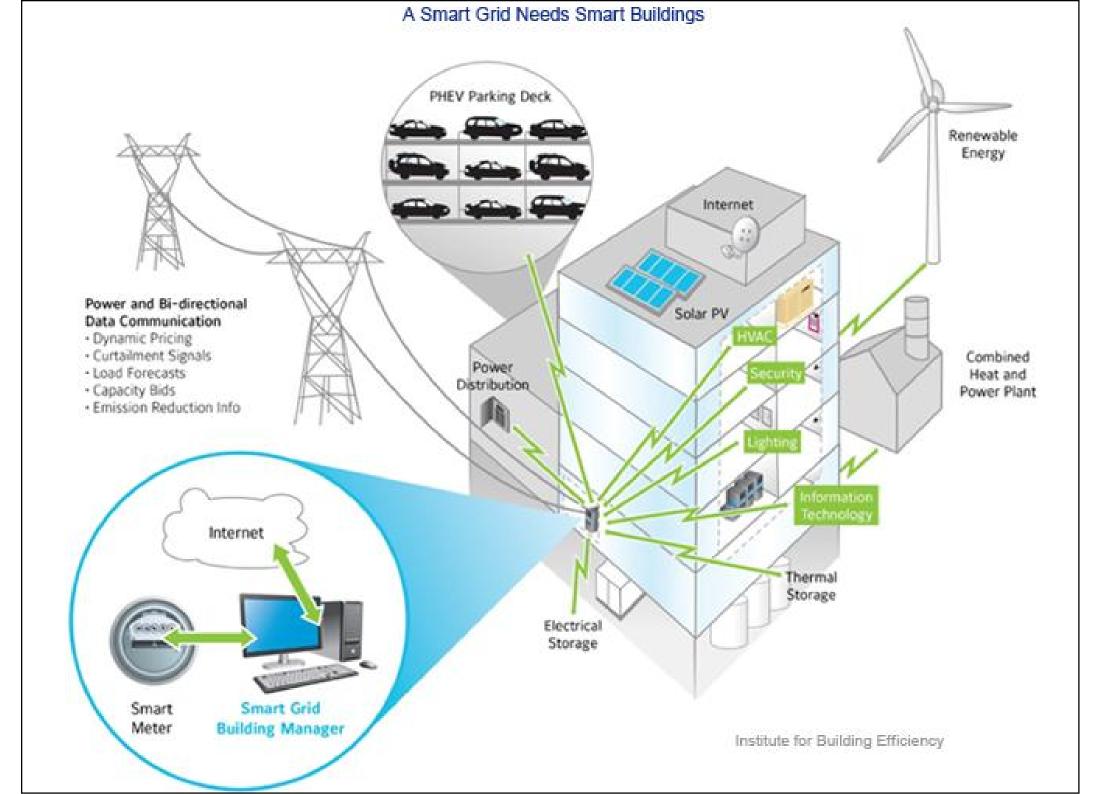


- Intelligent (Smart) buildings are part of an increasingly integrated built environment
  - Smart homes, smart cities, smart electricity grid, intelligent transport



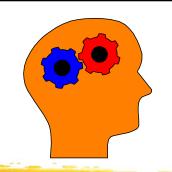
#### Smart Cities: All you need to know





- Major IB features
  - Automatic reactions (adjust internal conditions)
  - Effective communication & IT management
  - Responsiveness to changes
- Integrated pyramid
  - Single function/dedicated systems
  - Multifunctional systems
  - Integrated systems
  - Computer integrated building





- My own definition: "An intelligent/smart building is one that doesn't make the occupants look stupid."
  - Maximizes the <u>efficiency</u> of its occupants and allows <u>effective management</u> of resource with minimum life costs
  - More <u>responsive</u> to user needs and has the ability to <u>adapt</u> to new technology or changes in the organizational structures

# **Components of an IB**



#### • Building management:

• Building automation and the physical environment

#### • Space management:

- Building's internal space & operating costs
- Capabilities & flexibility of the building to accommodate changes, personal moves & connectivity

#### Business management

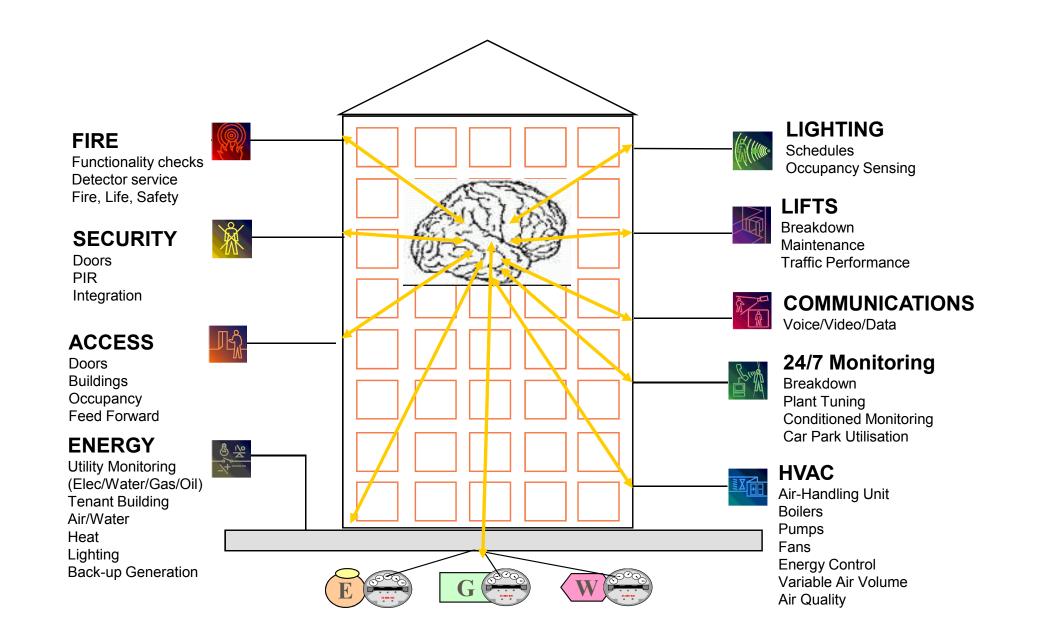
• Management of the organization's core business

IB Goals	IB Tasks	IB Attributes		
Buiding management	Environmental control of building User control of building systems	and building shell attributes	ility management strategies	Building Automation systems (BA)
Space management	Management of change (capacity, adaptability, flexibility, manageability) Minimization of operating costs			Computer Aided Facility Management systems (CAFM)
Business management	Processing of information Storage of information Presentation	strategies	Facility mana	Communications
	of information Internal communications External communications	Design	•	Office automation Audiovisual systems Business systems

## **Components of an IB**

- Major categories:
  - Energy efficiency
    - Energy management and control
  - Lifesafety systems
    - Fire alarm and security
  - Telecommunications systems
    - PABX telephone, videotext, cablevision, e-mail
  - Workplace automation
    - Data processing, word processing, computer-aided design (CAD), information services

#### Major elements of intelligent buildings



(Source: Continental Automated Buildings Association (CABA), www.caba.org)

#### Building automation systems for intelligent buildings



# **Components of an IB**



- Four main aspects:
  - Facility management
    - Take care & maintain various functions for occupant comfort & operation
  - Information management
    - Office automation (OA), LAN, wiring
  - Communication
    - Tel/Fax, e-mail, Internet, video telecommunication
  - Control
    - Building automation system, direct digital control

# **Components of an IB**



- Integration of various building systems
  - Energy management system
  - Lighting management system
  - Security systems & fire safety
  - Telecommunications & office automation
  - Local area networks (LANs)
  - Cabling management
  - Intelligent maintenance mgt. system (IMMS)
  - Computer aided facility management (CAFM)





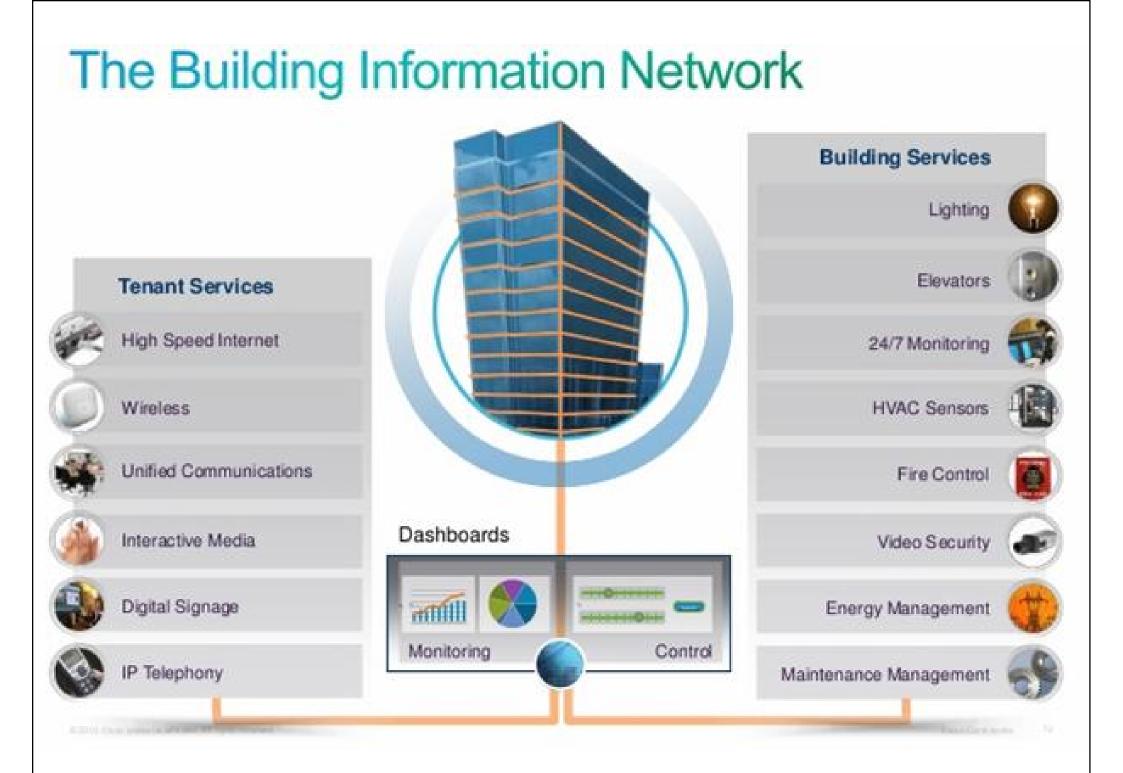
- Office space and commercial buildings
  - Such as speculative high-tech offices
  - Organizational/functional requirements
  - Impact of IT and business strategy
- Objectives
  - Responsive (to user needs / to climate)
  - Efficient (building design & systems)
  - Effective (operation & management)
  - Better integration (with IT & within systems)





- Major systems
  - Building automation system (BAS)
  - Office automation system (OAS)
  - Communication automation system (CAS)
- Criteria
  - Business value/benfits
  - Efficiency
  - Effectiveness









- IB + IoT (Internet of Things)
  - Video: Smart Buildings with Internet of Things Technologies (2:58) <u>http://www-</u> <u>ssl.intel.com/content/www/us/en/smart-</u> <u>buildings/overview.html</u>
- Major impact of building intelligence
  - Modern and flexible space design, improved comfort, productivity, and pervasive connectivity





- Current and future development
  - New ways of working
    - More interaction
    - More collaboration (physically or electronically)
    - More individual autonomy
  - New patterns of space use
    - More group spaces
    - More shared spaces
    - More space for concentration
    - More intermittent space use

IB @ Home

- Present technology
  - Phones and intercoms
  - Home automation
  - Audio distribution (e.g. hi-fi speaker)
  - Video distribution (e.g. TV)
  - Video surveillance (e.g. security)
  - Structured wiring
  - Home theater, game station

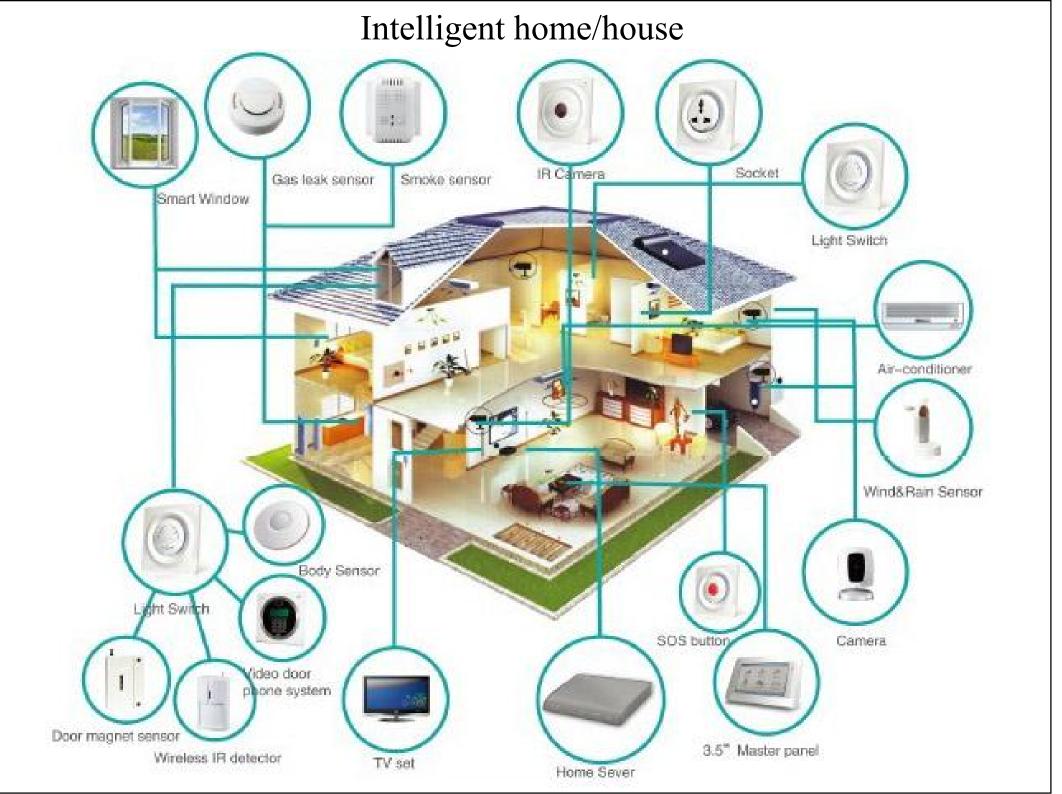










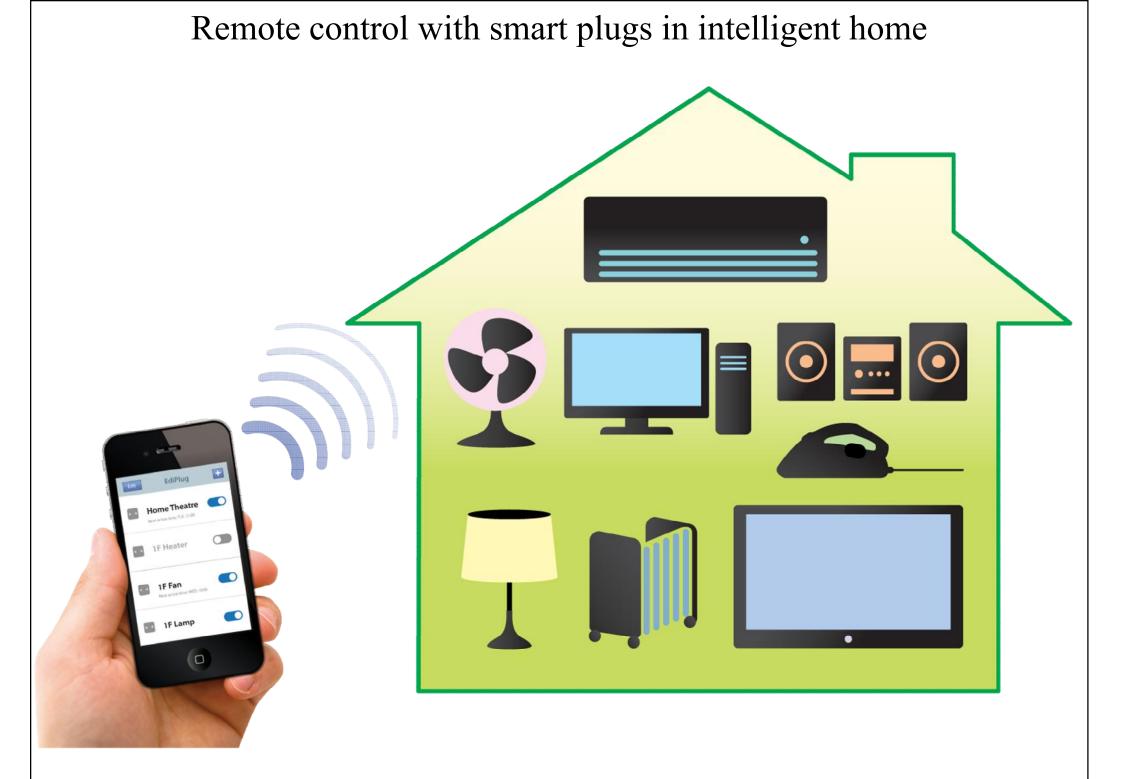


# IB @ Home



- Home automation
  - Climate control and energy management
  - Home networking
  - Home theatre
  - Integrated lighting control
  - Multi-room A/V systems
  - Residential gateways
  - Safety and security
  - Structured wiring
  - Whole house automation









- Home networking
- Internet appliances
- Webcam, web phones
- e-books, video walls
- Home office
- Virtual clinic/hospital



