



Lecture : Introduction to building services I - Ventilation and Air Conditioning Services

22 September 2016

Guest teacher :

Ir. Eur Ing. K P Cheung

Faculty of Science and Technology

E-mail: kpcheuna@hku.hk



Cheung's Old web site: <http://www.ad.arch.hku.hk/~kpcheung/index.html>

Web site jointly developed with *Dr Hui : <http://www.ad.arch.hku.hk/research/BEER/>

Heating, Ventilating, and Air-conditioning Systems

Priority :

Safety [structural, fire, accident prevention] ,

Health : Good hygiene of water supply, soil and waste drainage, rain water drainage [good indoor air quality- good IAQ, little Electromagnetic effect, reasonable daylight, greening,],

Comfort [Reasonable comfort : temperature, humidity, noise versus quietness] ,

Sustainable building & Sustainable world [Energy saving, Energy efficient, Low carbon building]

Chilled water pump on Roof

(image : <http://poet.lbl.gov/tour/sf/pumps.html>)



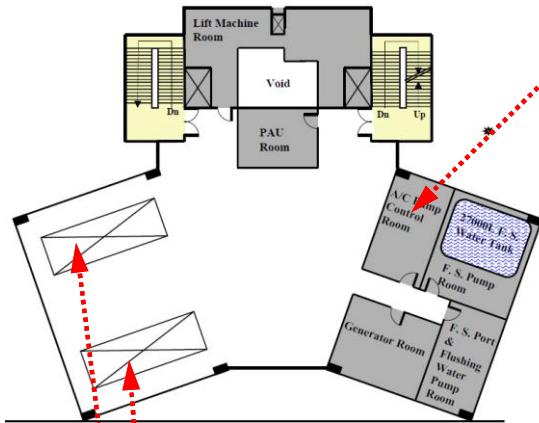
Roof pneumatic booster unit supplies potable water to 9/F and above, including the feed-and-expansion tank of the chilled water system of the central air conditioning system

Central Chilled water system

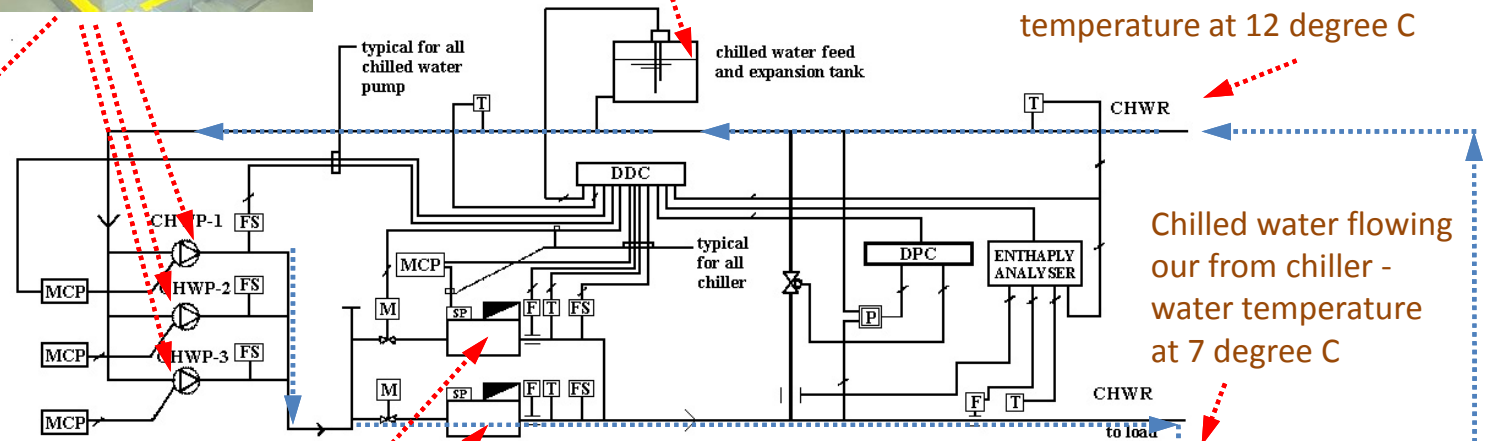
-Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/104.htm>

Chilled water returning to chiller at roof - water temperature at 12 degree C



Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU, Roof

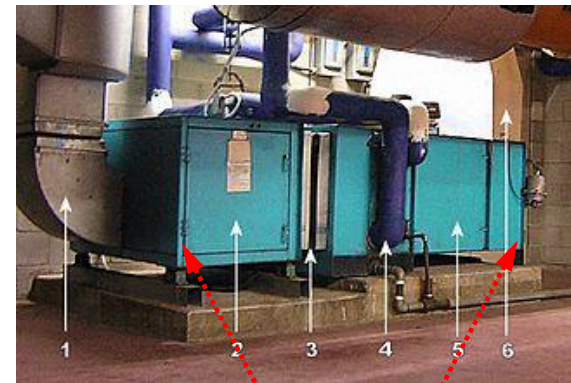


Chilled water flowing out from chiller - water temperature at 7 degree C

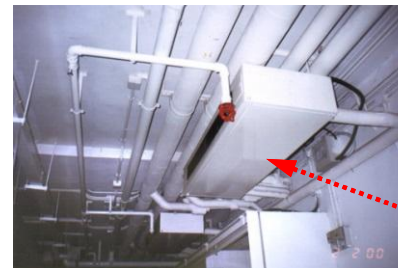


air cooled water chiller on Roof

(image : chistine.ecvv.com)



Air Handling unit = AHU



Chilled water pipes

Fan coil unit = FCU

PAU

FCU

AHU

FCU

FCU

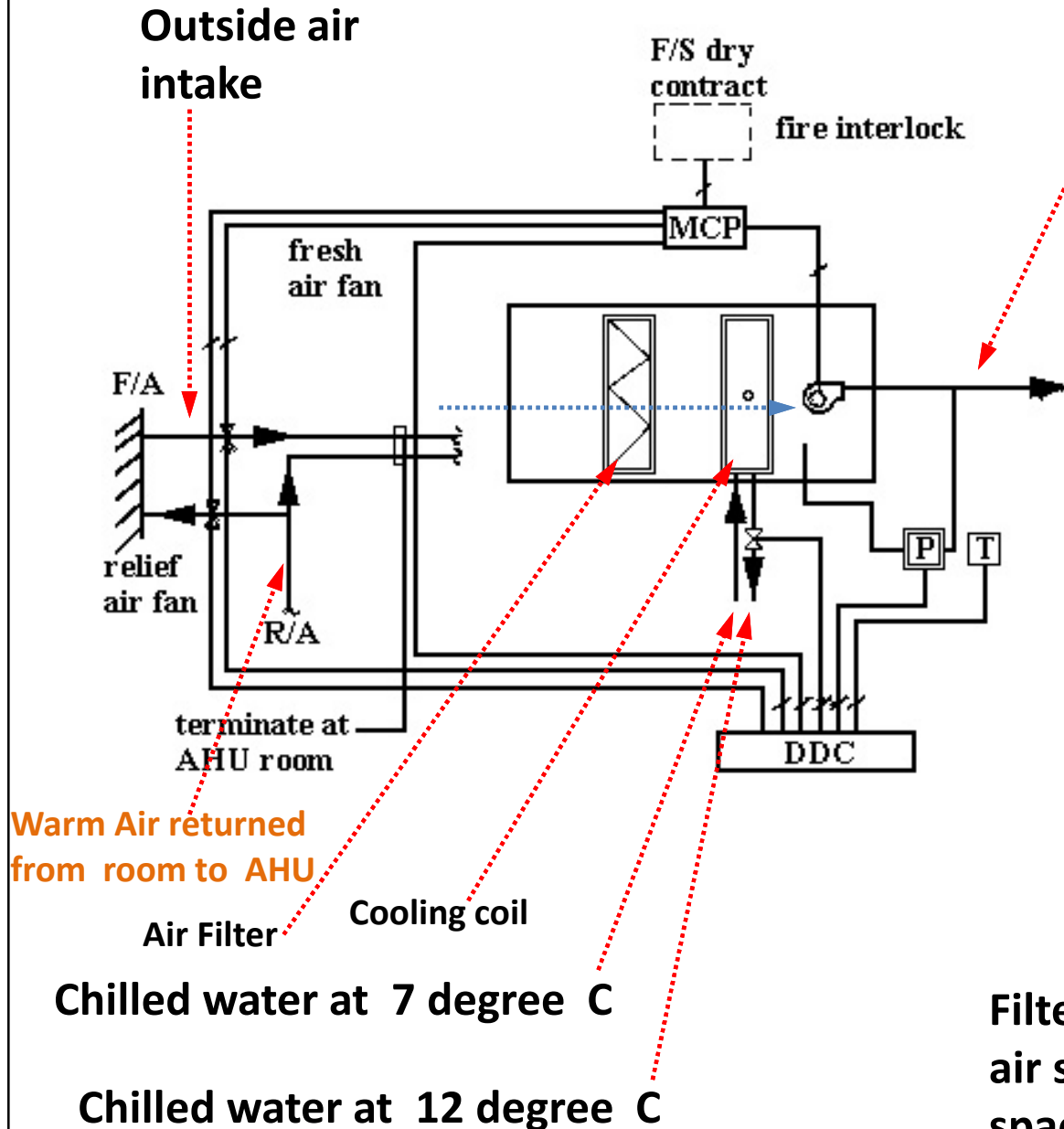
FCU

FCU

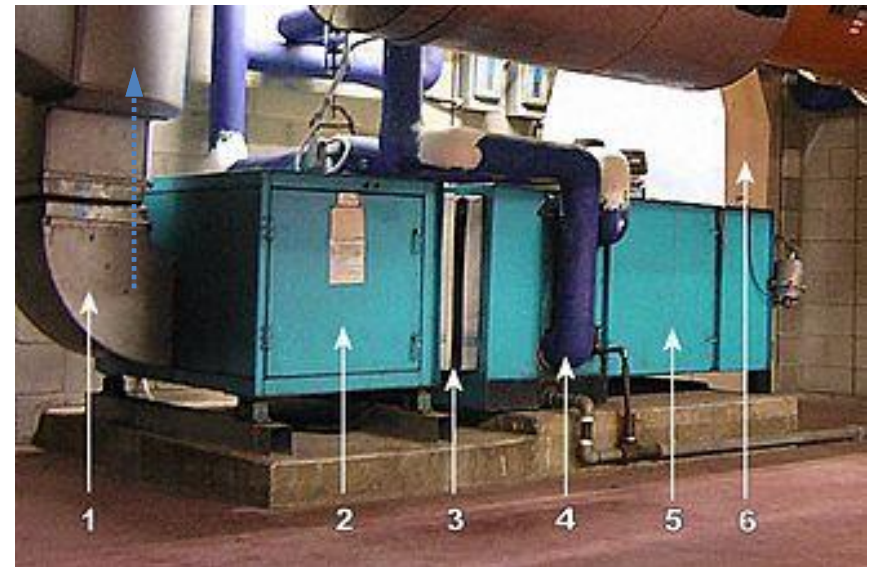
<http://arch.hku.hk/~kpcheung/new2001/ac/#0401>

Air handling unit control strategy-Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/105.htm>



Supply air duct [conditioned air inside]



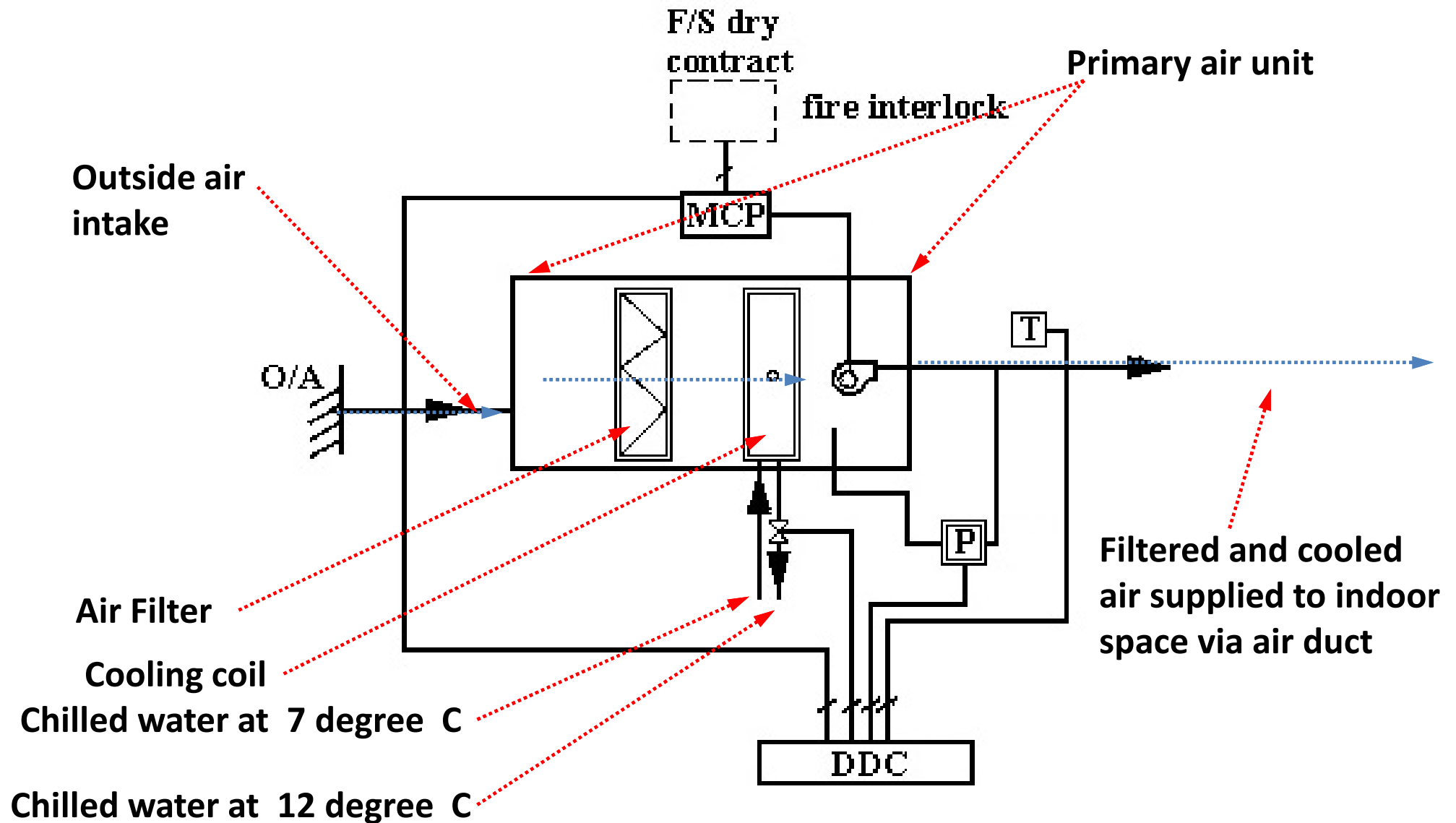
An Air handling unit is used for heating and cooling of air in a central location

Source : <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HVAC>

Filtered and cooled air supplied to indoor space via air duct

Primary air unit- control strategy-Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/105.htm>

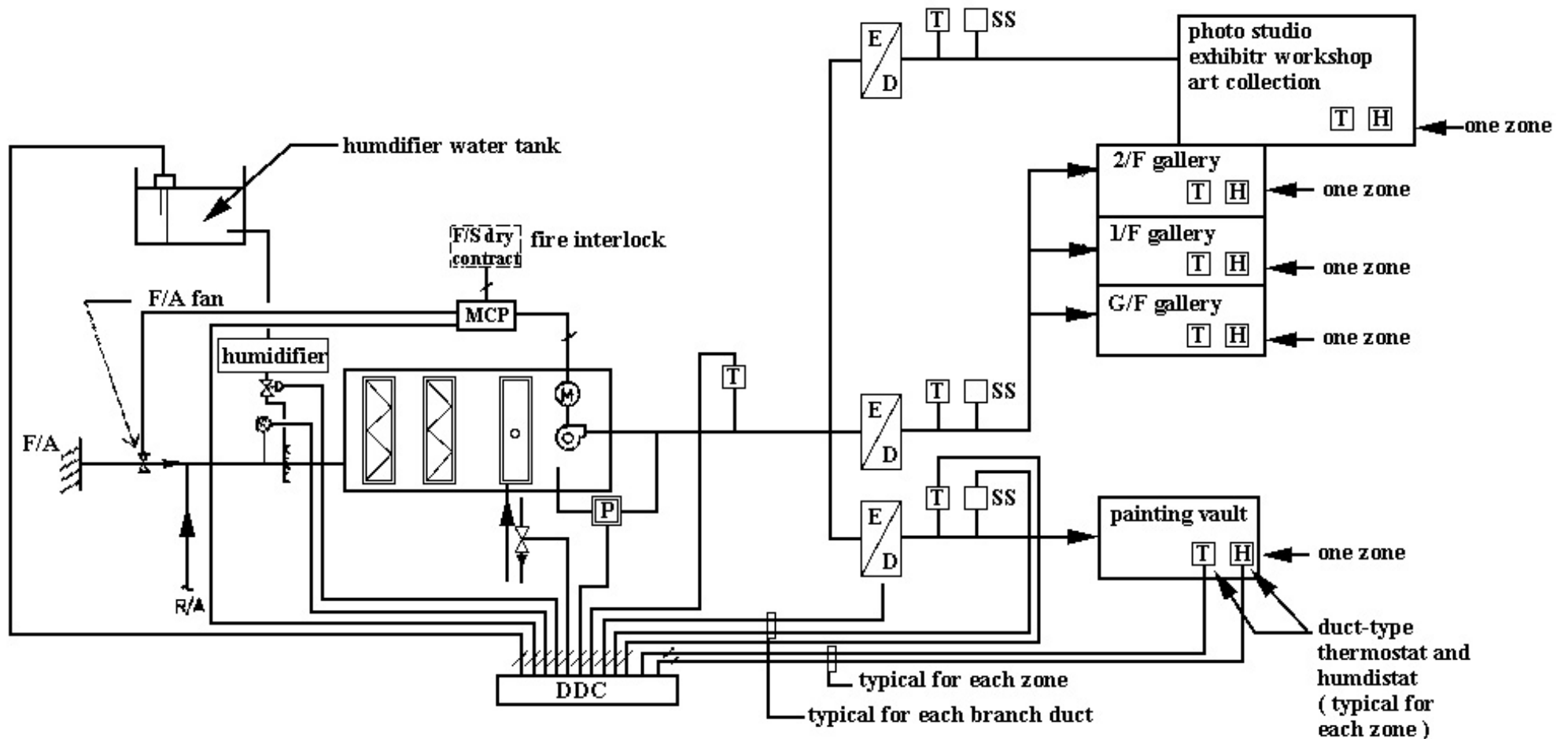


Air handling unit control strategy for art gallery

-Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU

-a sophisticated unit to control both temperature and humidity of the art gallery

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/107.htm>



Primary air duct (filtered & cooled fresh air)

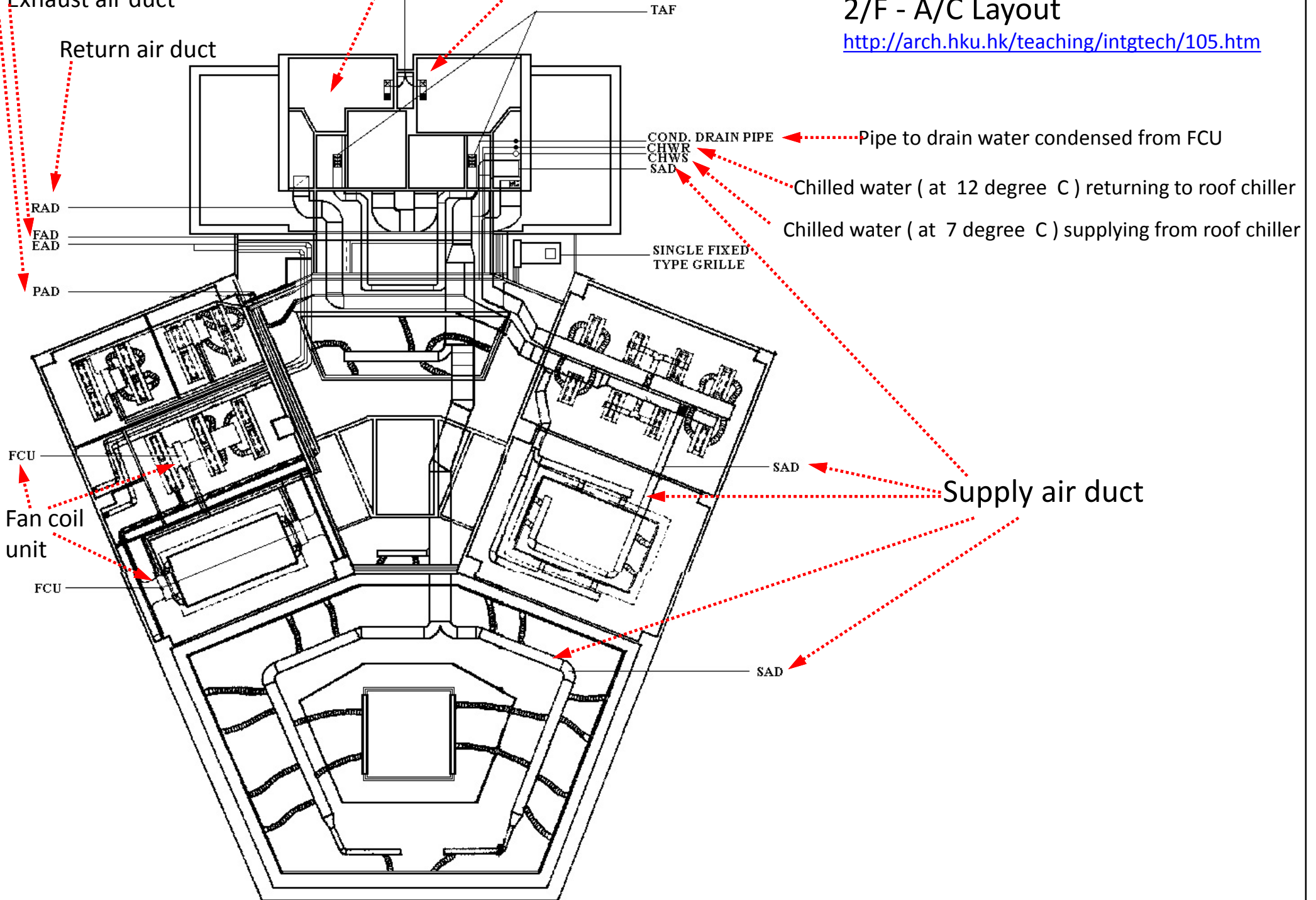
Exhaust air duct

Return air duct

EXHAUST AIR OUTLET for toilet

2/F - A/C Layout

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/105.htm>



5/F - A/C Layout <http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/105.htm>

Primary air duct (supplying filtered & cooled fresh air) led from Primary Air Unit installed at Roof PAU Room

Chilled water (at 12 degree C) returning to roof chiller

Pipe to drain water condensed from FCU, AHU

COND. DRAIN

TAD

CHWR

CHWS

Chilled water (at 7 degree C) supplying from roof chiller

AHU

PAD

Primary air duct (filtered & cooled fresh air)

Air handling unit

Return air duct

DIFFUSER

FCU

RAD

FCU

PAD

FCU

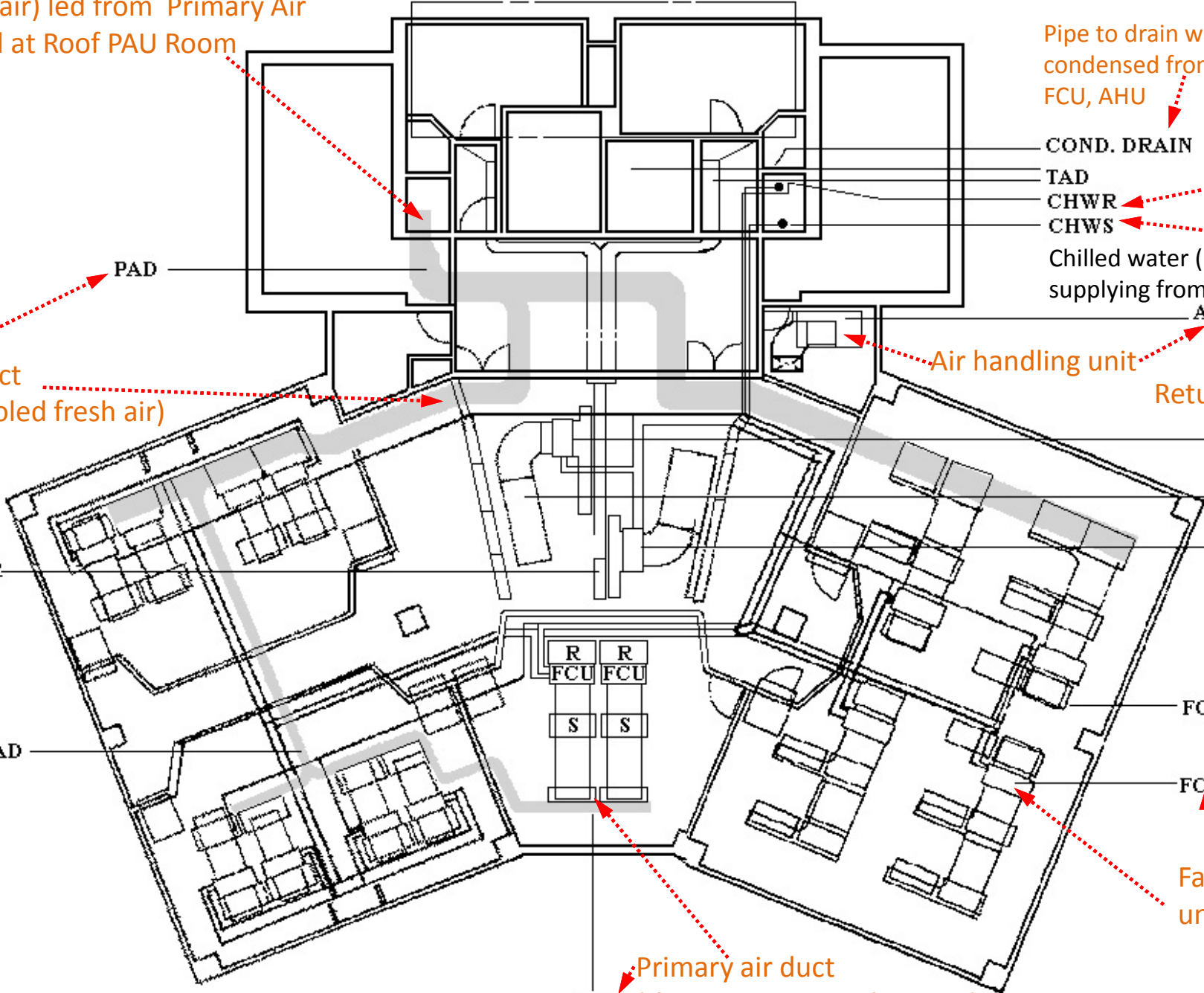
FCU

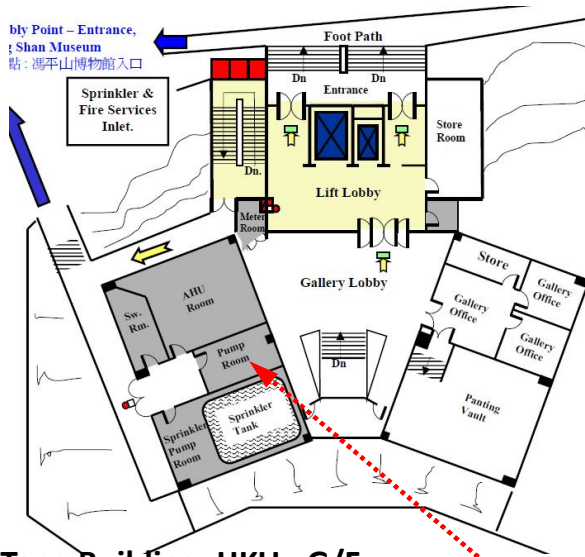
Fan coil unit



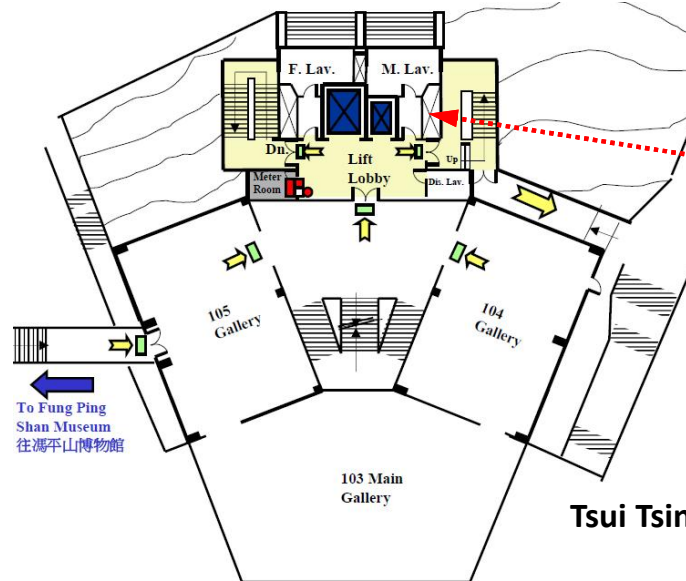
Primary air duct (filtered & cooled fresh air)

PAD





Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU : G/F

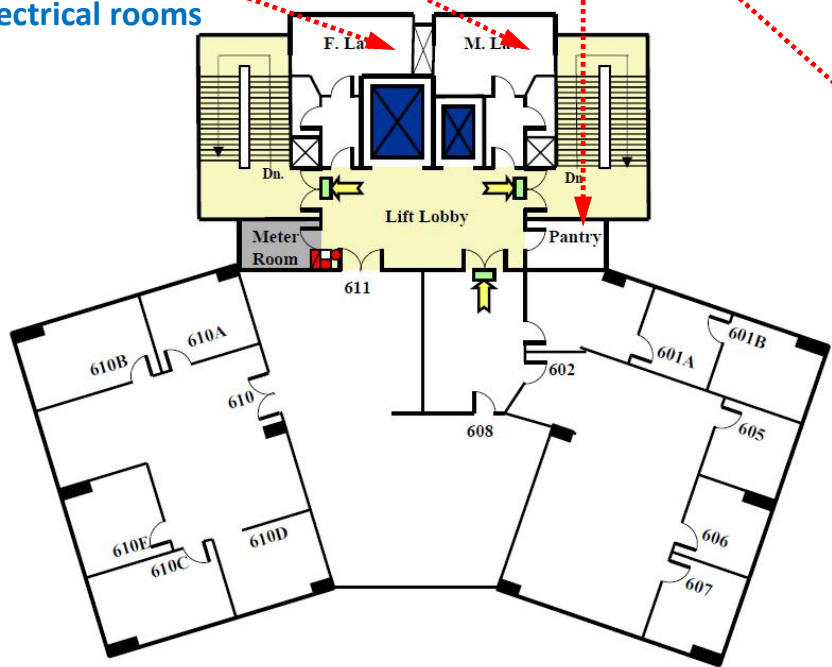


Chilled water pipe duct

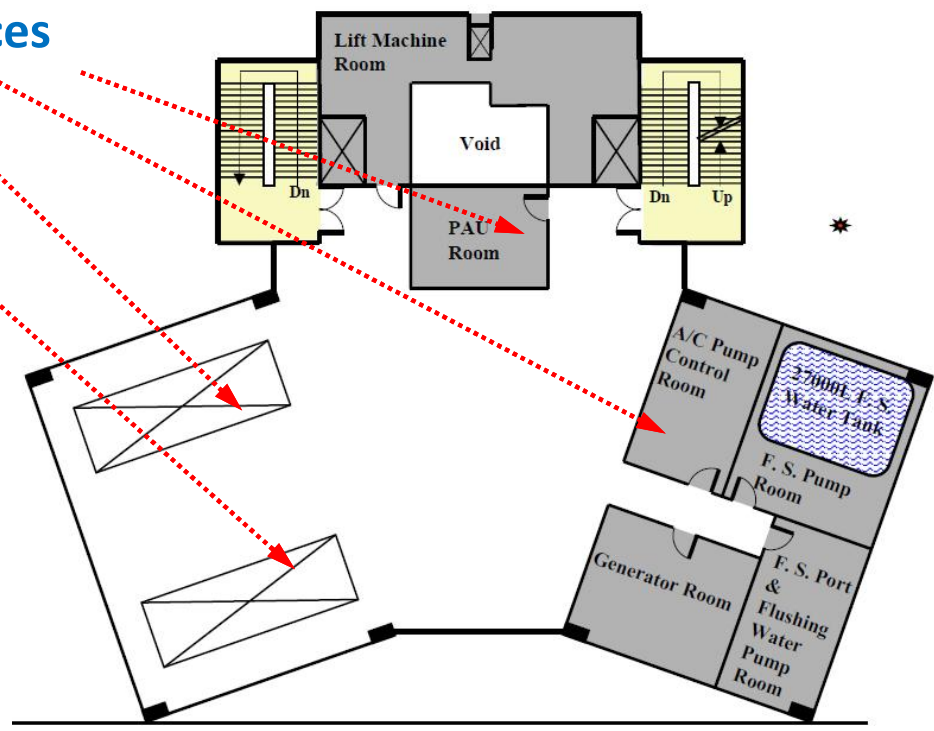
Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU : 1/F

Ventilation for toilets and mechanical and electrical rooms

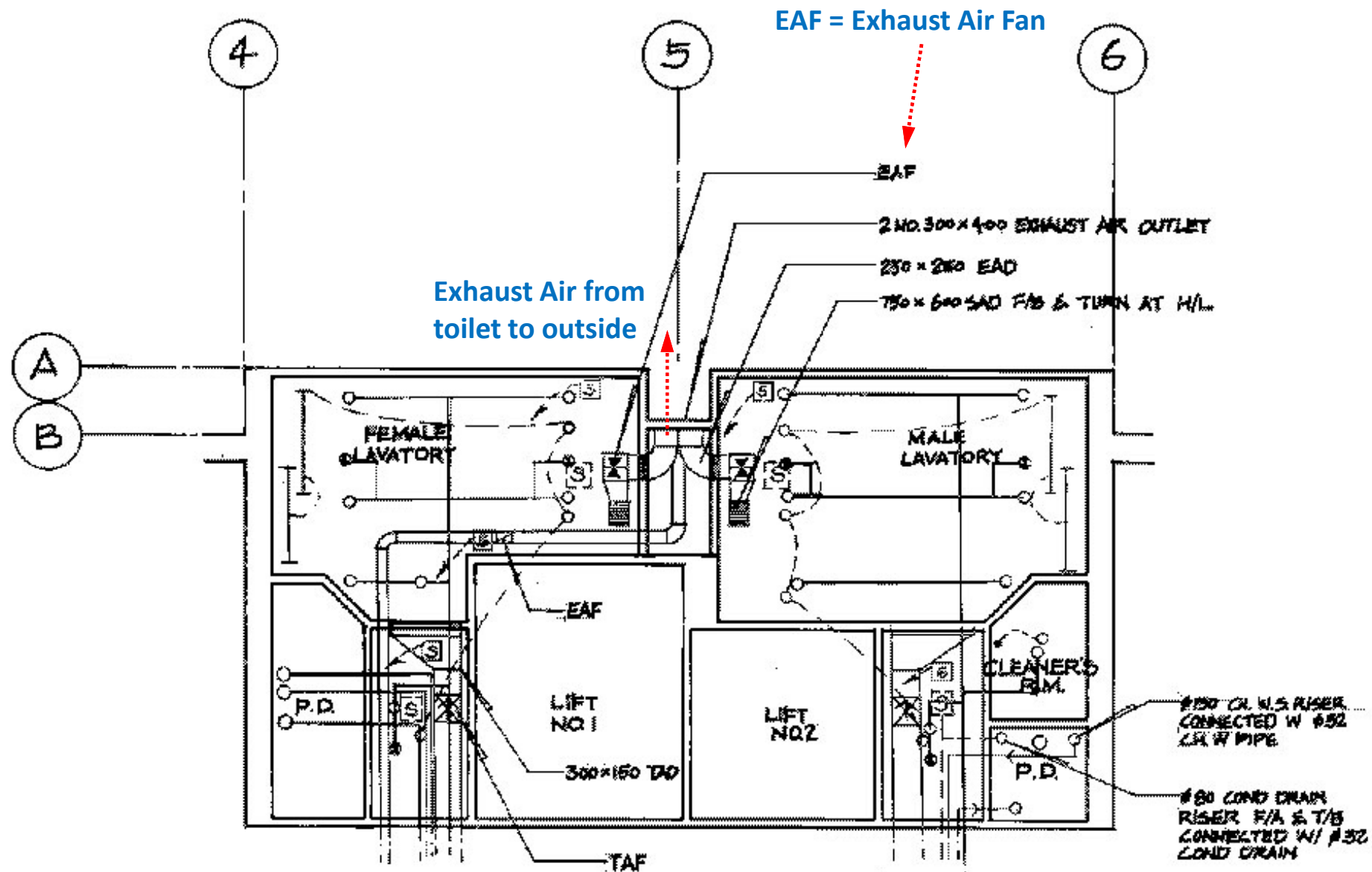
Air-conditioning Services



Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU : 6/F

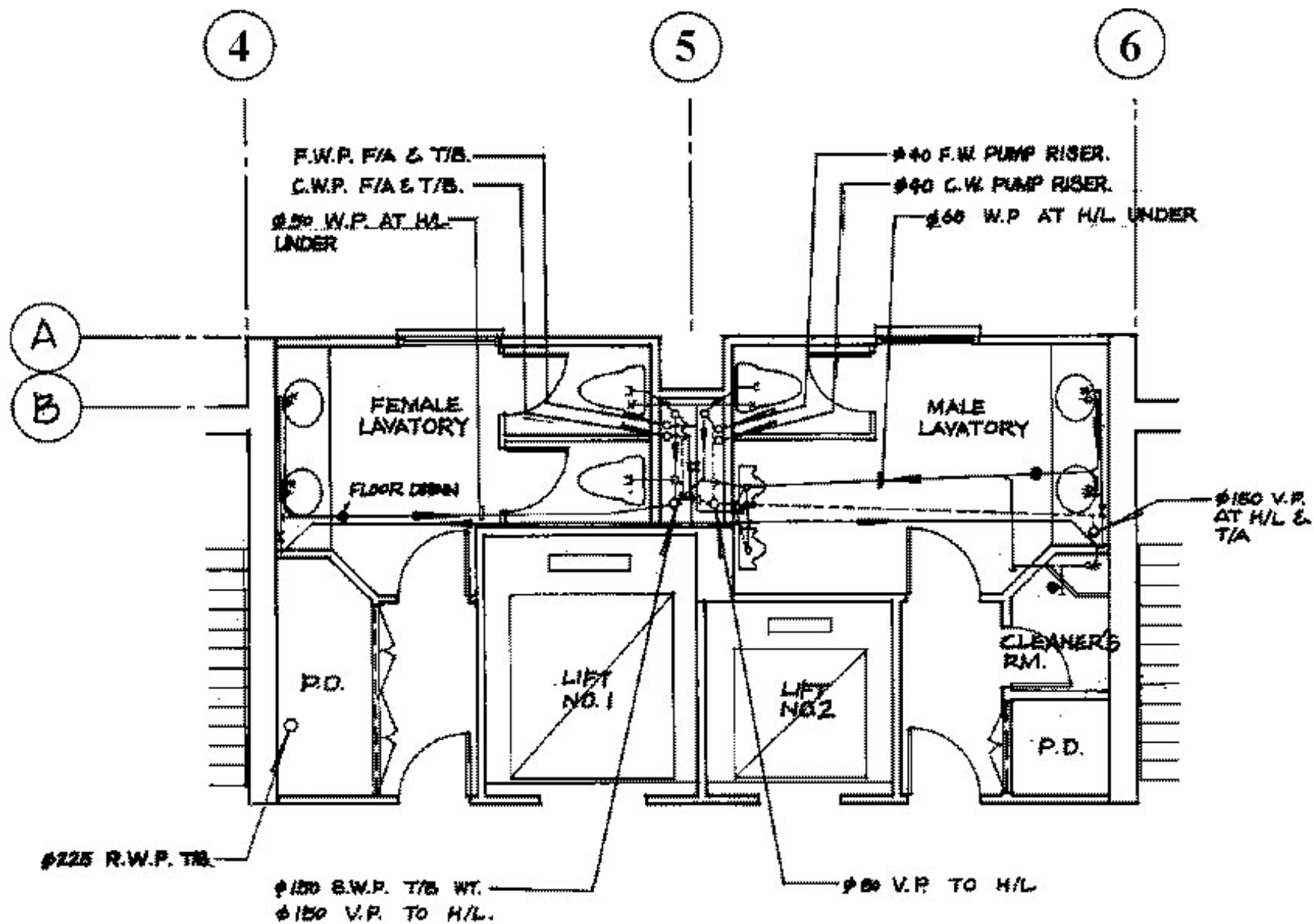


Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU : Roof



Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU- 3/F Part Plan - Lavatory - Services Layout Above False Ceiling

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/97.htm>



Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU- 3/F Part Plan - Lavatory - Services Layout Below False Ceiling

<http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/97.htm>

A large unitary air-conditioner: A Rooftop HVAC unit, [powerful fan, and many times more cooling capacity than a window unit] with view of fresh air intake vent.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HVAC>



fresh air intake vent

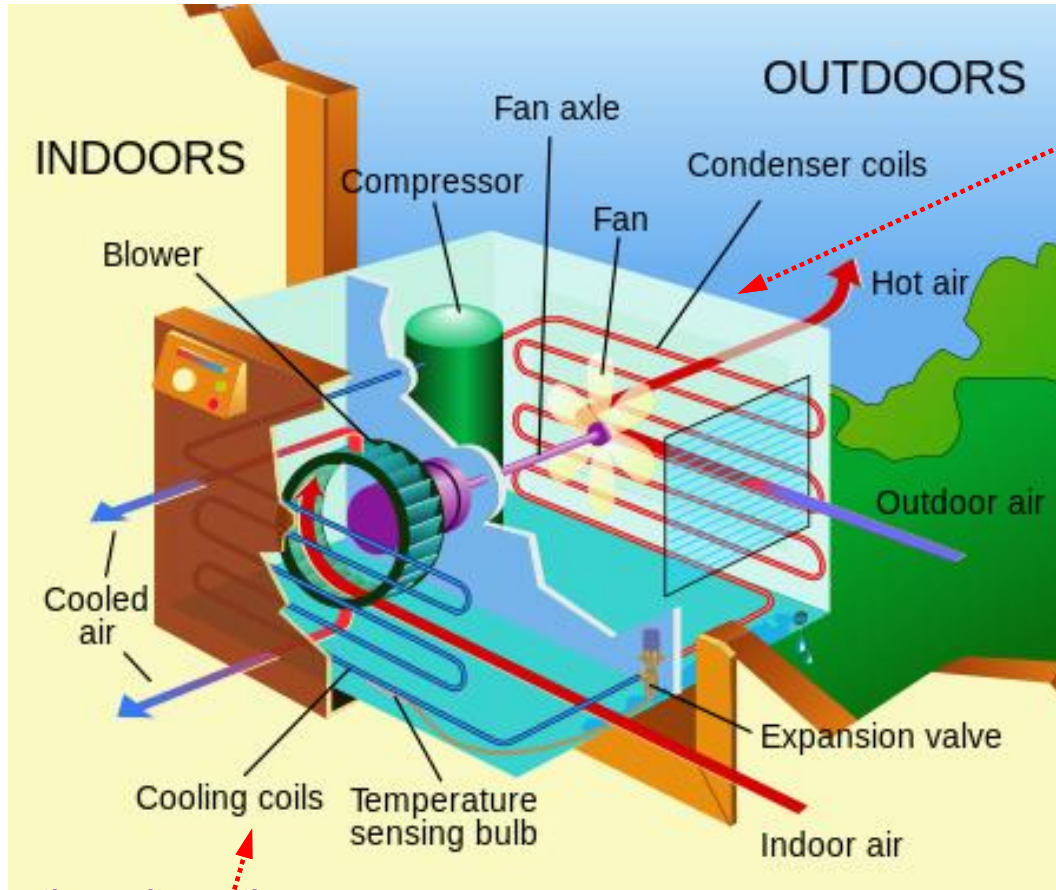
Filtered & cooled air supplied to space below

Warm air returned to rooftop unit from space below
(summer mode)



A typical home air conditioning window unit- a unitary air-conditioner

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Air_conditioning

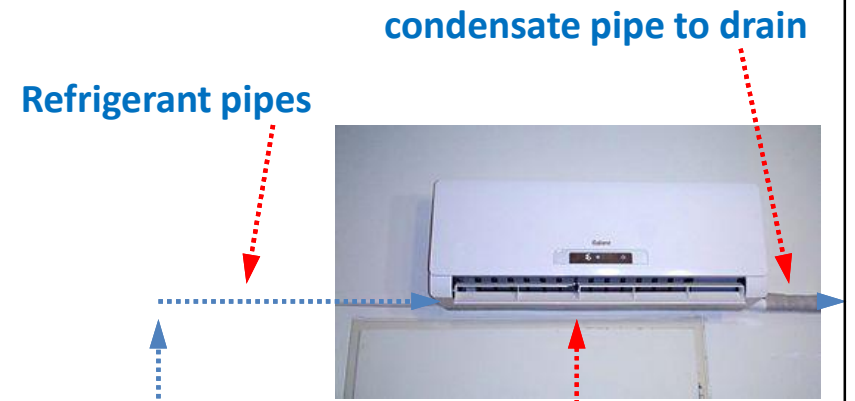


Reverse cycle air-conditioner (with more valves and controls) will supply warm air to interior, by pumping heat from the outside air, in fact, an air-to-air heat pump. energy efficient machine

evaporator-coil = cooling coil for home air-conditioner



Split type air conditioner- The outdoor door unit (refrigerant compressor + fan condenser-coil unit)



Split type air conditioner- The indoor unit (fan + evaporator-coil unit) installed at high level of room

Integrated Sustainable Approach

- Central air conditioning plant room to be provided for installation of chilled water pumps and water chillers [in Tsui Tsin Tong Building, the water chillers are air-cooled and are placed outdoor, so no indoor space is needed for the water chiller]
- Ceiling space at each floor to be provided for installation of fan coil units, [FCU] air ducts
- Plant rooms to be allowed in suitable floors for installation of air handling units [AHU]and primary air handling units[also called primary air units, PAU]
- Condensate, i.e. water collected in the cooling process of air, from FCU, AHU, PAU, to be collected for water green plants or for flushing purpose, now commonly discharged to waste water drain
- ENERGY efficient machines, and related controls to be provided to attain minimum use of energy, YET ATTAINING GOOD INDOOR AIR QAULITY and reasonable comfort conditions
- Optimized overall planning with other building services, and FUNCTIONS of the buildings to be carried out to attain **Integrated Sustainability**

Case study on overall *Building Services Integration*

- **Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU:** Building No.13 in [HKU main campus map](#)
- Case Study <http://www.ad.arch.hku.hk/teaching/cases/tttsui/tttsui.htm>
- [Integrated technology study by BA\(AS\)-3 students 95/96 \[HKU\] :](#)
<http://www.ad.arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/>
- Floor Layout and evacuation plans for **Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU :**
<http://www.safety.hku.hk/homepage/pdf/FPTTT.pdf>

Basic Reading :

1. The diagrams of slides 1 to 32 of **Air Conditioning and Refrigeration: Air-side Systems**
http://www.mech.hku.hk/bse/mech3005/mech3005_0405_acr04.htm
2. **Climatic Design of Buildings - An Overview** <http://arch.hku.hk/~cmhui/teach/65156-7.htm>
3. Smith, David Lee, "*Environmental Issues for Architecture*", Chapter 12 & 13. Hoboken, N.J. : Wiley, c2011. HKU Lib. Call # [720.47 S645](#)
4. Reid, Esmond, "*Understanding Buildings*", London : Construction Press, 1984. HKU Lib. Call # [690 R35](#)
5. Basic Reading list - <http://arch.hku.hk/~kpcheung/teaching/b1-read.htm>

Further reference :

Air Conditioning and Refrigeration: Air-side Systems <http://arch.hku.hk/~kpcheung/new2001/ac/>

Tsui Tsin Tong Building, HKU <http://arch.hku.hk/teaching/intgtech/>

MECH3005: Building Services <http://www.mech.hku.hk/bse/mech3005/schedule.htm> -related slides

Building Energy Efficiency Research (BEER) <http://arch.hku.hk/research/BEER/>

Air Quality Health Index & Air Quality Information http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/english/environmentinhk/air/air_quality/air_quality.html

Indoor Air Quality Certification Scheme for Offices and Public Places

http://www.epd.gov.hk/epd/english/news_events/current_issue/iaq_certification.html & <http://www.iaq.gov.hk/cert/doc/CertGuide-eng.pdf>

Innovative Urban Roof Greenhouses enriched with carbon dioxide breathed out by human beings

<http://icee.hku.hk/chinachem01.pdf>

Greening-The-Earth : Maximizing Rational combination of Water & Light & Land for Food & Bio-fuel <http://icee.hku.hk/chinachem02.pdf>

*** **Thank you very much** ***